

TRN 140A Transportation Climate Control Lab

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

Prerequisites: None

Corequisites: TRN 140

This course provides experiences for enhancing student skills in the diagnosis and repair of transportation climate control systems. Emphasis is placed on reclaiming, recovery, recharging, leak detection, climate control components, diagnosis, air conditioning equipment, tools and safety. Upon completion, students should be able to describe the operation, diagnose, and safely service climate control systems using appropriate tools, equipment, and service information. Course Hours Per Week: Class, 1. Lab, 2. Semester Hours Credit, 2.

STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

(State-wide outcomes)

- a. Given a transportation vehicle or related equipment with a fault in the A/C system, diagnose and repair the system using the recommended lab equipment and service information.
- b. Utilize proper equipment to identify a given A/C refrigerant type and the purity of the A/C refrigerant for the transportation industry.
- c. Given a transportation vehicle or equipment with an A/C system, determine the recommended refrigerant oil and capacity levels as prescribed from related service information.
- d. Given a transportation vehicle or equipment with an A/C system, use the recommended equipment to properly reclaim, recycle, evacuate and recharge the entire refrigerant system.
- e. Given a Heating Ventilation and Air Conditioning (HVAC) system, properly drain, flush and refill the entire anti-freeze coolant system.
- f. Given a Heating Ventilation and Air Conditioning (HVAC) system, evaluate the anti-freeze coolant condition and perform a systems test as recommended by service information for a transportation vehicle or equipment.
- g. Diagnose and repair a transportation vehicle or equipment with a fault in a protection device for the given A/C system.
- h. Given an A/C system, remove and inspect system components and seals for damage which may cause the system to leak refrigerant.
- i. Given a faulty climate control system, diagnose temperature control problems.

(Local outcomes)

- j. Explain basic air conditioning, heating and cooling theory and system operation.
- k. Identify refrigeration components.
- l. Identify refrigeration and cooling system safety precautions.
- m. Inspect refrigeration and cooling system components.

- n. Perform system performance tests of heating, cooling and air conditioning systems.
- o. Perform leak testing of air conditioning systems.
- p. Identify vehicle refrigerant type.
- q. Recover and recycle refrigerants.
- r. Discharge and service air conditioning system components.
- s. Evacuate and charge air conditioning systems.
- t. Determine R-12 system retrofit feasibility.
- u. Perform component repair/replacement procedures.

OUTLINE OF INSTRUCTION:

- I. Class orientation
 - A. Class routine and lab policy
 - B. Required materials
 - C. Automotive lab safety
 - D. Lab equipment use/operation

- II. Air Conditioning System
 - A. Basic Principles of Refrigeration
 - 1) Temperature/pressure relationship
 - 2) Latent heat of evaporation/fusion
 - B. System Components, Purpose, Operation of Each, Inspection and Service
 - 1) Evaporator
 - (a) Water Drain
 - (b) Blower Motor
 - 2) Compressor
 - (a) Various Types
 - (b) Electromagnetic clutch
 - 3) Condenser
 - 4) Receiver-drier
 - (a) Installation
 - (b) Fusible safety plug
 - (c) Desiccant
 - (d) Sight Glass
 - 5) Expansion Valve/orifice tube
 - (a) Sensing bulb- internally or externally equalized
 - (b) Inlet screen
 - 6) Accumulator
 - C. Refrigerant Flow
 - D.

- 5) Phosgene gas
- 6) Environmental concerns
- D. Evacuation Procedure
- E. Isolation of Compressor
- F. Check and Add Compressor Oil
- G. Charging Procedures
- H. Recovery and Recycling
 - 1) Adding refrigerant as a liquid
 - 2) Charging with vapor
 - 3) Adding refrigerant to accumulator type systems
 - 4) EPA regulations
- I. Leak Testing
 - 1) Halide
 - 2) Electronic
 - 3) Soap
 - 4) Uytel
- J.

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- H. Abnormal High-Side Readings
- I. Frost on Evaporator
- J. Sight Glass
 - 1) Clear
 - 2) Bubbles
 - 3) Oily
 - 4) Cloudy
- K. Electrical Circuit Problems
 - 1) Blown fuse
 - 2) Defective wiring
 - 3) Bad connections
 - 4) Defective thermostat
 - 5) Magnetic clutch
- L. Effects of moisture in System
- M. POA Systems/Pressures
- N. EPR Systems/Pressures
- O. Air Distribution
 - 1) Vacuum motors
 - 2) Manual cables
 - 3) Blower motor
 - (a) Relays
 - (b) Fuses
 - (c) Resistors
- P. Driveability/Compressor Control Check Areas
 - 1) Constant run relay
 - 2) Time delay relay
 - 3) Wide open throttle switch
 - 4) Low vacuum switch
 - 5) Power steering pressure switch
 - 6) Power brake time relay
 - 7) High coolant temperature switch
 - 8) Electronic control module delay timer
 - 9) Anti-dieseling relay
- V. Heating Systems
 - A. Components
 - 1) Blend doors
 - 2) Blower motor
 - 3) Control valves
 - 4) Plenum chamber
 - 5) Vacuum reservoir and check valve
 - 6) Electrical controls
 - B. Flow Control Valve Operation
 - 1) "Bowden" cable operated

- 2) Restricted heater
- 3) Small hose usually inlet
- C. Thermostat and By-pass
- D. Radiator, Pressure Cap, and Expansion Tank Operation
- E. Service
 - 1) Electrolysis damage
 - 2) "Bloc-Chek" test
 - 3) Testing radiator pressure cap
 - 4) Reverse flushing
 - 5) Fluid fan inspection
 - 6) Replace heater coolant valve
 - 7) Replace heater core
 - 8) Replace hoses
 - 9) Replace drive belts
 - 10) Replace pulleys
 - 11) Replace fan shroud
 - 12) Replace electric fan
 - 13) Replace control panel
- F. Problem/Diagnosis
 - 1) No heat
 - 2) Too much heat (no control)
- G. Blower Motors
 - 1) Ducting-AC/heating
 - 2) Heater core position
 - 3) Evaporator position
 - 4) Inspect/test/replace resistors

REQUIRED TEXTBOOKS AND MATERIALS:

Textbook to be determined by instructor.